

MAYOR MAY YET GET GOETHALS

Proposes Permanent Place
Here, but Canal Has
First Call.

CAN'T COME FOR YEAR

Wilson to Name the Colonel
Zone Governor, to Stay
Until Jan. 1, 1915.

MITCHELL ASKS AID OF ALL
Will Go to Legislature at Once
for Supreme Power for
New Commissioner.

Mayor Mitchell said last night that he was going to ask the Legislature at once to change the law so that Col. Goethals as Police Commissioner not only may have supreme power, but be a permanent Commissioner as well.

He asked the cooperation of the leaders of all parties in bringing the greatest man of the nation here for the place.

The Mayor said that he felt sure Col. Goethals would be Police Commissioner. He conferred with Lieut.-Gov. Wagner and the latter offered his aid.

President Wilson will appoint Col. Goethals Governor of the Canal Zone within sixty days. This was announced in Washington yesterday.

This does not mean that he will not be Police Commissioner of New York. It is expected in Washington that he will serve in Panama until January 1, 1915, when he will come to New York.

Lawyers here said that the proposed changes in the law would not be unconstitutional.

Gov. Glynn was non-committal as to whether or not he would approve the proposed new police law, but Republican Floor Leader Hinman thought the New York city members would have it if they wanted it.

PERMANENT POLICE HEAD.

Mitchell Says He Will Ask Legislature to Enlarge Powers.

Mayor Mitchell wants all New York officials, plain citizens, everybody who can speak out, to help him get Col. Goethals for permanent Police Commissioner.

The Mayor told the Lotos Club, who gave him a dinner last night, that he is going straight to the Legislature to ask that body to pass laws permitting Col. Goethals to remain in the city, when called according to Col. Goethals' ideas, and if he can get that done, and Col. Goethals accepts the job, he is going to ask the Legislature to make the Colonel permanent Commissioner.

The Mayor said that he needed and wanted everybody's assistance; that the opportunity was so important that every official and every party leader ought to help in influencing the Assembly and the Senate.

He realized that Col. Goethals could not take the job until after the Panama Canal was officially finished, but he believed that the city could get the Colonel eventually and that the Police Department could be reconstructed into a body as loyal and efficient as the corps who backed Goethals in building the canal.

CRESCENT REGULARS WIN.

Governors Who Resented, Insult to Surrogate Ketcham Defeated.

The regular ticket of the Crescent Athletic Club won by a fair margin last night in the hottest election in the club's history. More than 1,500 votes were cast; a record for this organization. So many proxies were given and changed that it was not until an early hour this morning that the result was known. Bruce R. Duncan, who headed the regular ticket, received 1,009 votes, as against 815 cast for Fred B. Dalsell, head of the independents.

Six members had to be elected to the Board of Governors. That board consists of eighteen members and its members elect the president, vice-president, treasurer and secretary and members of standing committees.

The rival tickets were: Dr. R. J. Bell, W. K. Cleverly, Bruce R. Duncan, A. B. Gale, G. B. Plante and F. J. Price, regularly nominated, and Fred B. Dalsell, Benjamin A. Kelley, Charles R. Gay and F. O. Affeld, Jr., retiring governors, who failed of renomination but named by their friends.

The row in the club grew out of the so-called "athletic dinner incident" which was considered an insult to Surrogate Ketcham, a guest. The Surrogate had introduced politics in a speech when a governor cried: "How about McCooey?" That governor was charged with unseemly conduct by the board and those voting against him were the governors not renominated.

SOLDIERS IN GOLD BRAID GATHER COAL

London Situation Growing Rapidly More Serious Owing to the Strike.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Jan. 24.—The labor unrest shows no sign of settlement and it is likely to become more acute next week when it is feared 200,000 men will be involved. At the present time 15,000 coal porters and 20,000 men in the building trades are out. The men in the building trades were locked out to-day because they refused to sign an agreement to work with non-union men.

While the leaders of the coal strike will not issue permits to any of their members to cart coal to the hospitals, they have so far made no objections to the hospitals sending for their supplies. This has been done in some instances, but at least three of the hospitals will be without fuel by Monday unless the strike leaders yield.

With coal costing two and three shillings a hundredweight the poor of London are feeling the pinch of the cold weather, as this price is really prohibitive. Despite the vigilance of the police quantities of coal have been thrown from carts by strikers and hundreds of boys acting as accomplices collected the coal from the roadways.

The coal yards presented an unusual appearance to-day. Besides students there were gold braided uniformed porters from the various hotels and men belonging to the Irish Guards, the Grenadiers and the Army Service Corps requisitioning coal for their barracks, while clerks and messengers toiled at the unaccustomed job of coal heaving.

The yards of the gas companies were besieged by thousands of men, women and children who clamored for coke, as an announcement had been posted that there was no advance of the price of that fuel. There was a line of people nearly a mile long at these yards awaiting their turn to buy coke. Luckily the supply was adequate.

PLAN LOCKOUT IN NORWAY.

Many Workmen Idle Owing to Three Small Strikes.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. CHRISTIANIA, Jan. 24.—The Norwegian Employers' Association has issued a lockout against the organized laborers of Northern Norway to take effect February 1 unless existing troubles are settled within a week.

All the wood pulp, cellulose, paper and engineering workmen are idle because of three small strikes, one in a mill near Trondhjem, another in an engineering plant in Christiania and still another among the cabinet makers of Alesund.

These conflicts have lasted a long time and, according to employers, resulted from the breaking of contracts.

Prior to the introduction of syndicalism in Norway two years ago contracts were always kept, but of late contracts have been broken in several instances.

WOMAN SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Prominent Resident of Kentucky Wounded Sitting at Window.

CLARKSVILLE, Ky., Jan. 24.—Mrs. Lizzie Burnett, aged 60 years, and one of the most prominent women in the county, was shot from ambush and dangerously wounded to-day by an unknown person.

She was sitting by a window of her home near Knoxville, when she was fired upon, the bullet striking her in the head. Her condition is critical. Arrests are likely to follow to-night.

OLDEST HOUSE EMPLOYEE DEAD.

Capt. J. T. Chancey Served 58 Continuous Years.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Capt. John T. Chancey, for more than fifty-eight years continuously employed in the House of Representatives, died to-day. He was 84 years old.

On Chancey's fiftieth anniversary as an employee of the House the members, under the leadership of the late Vice-President Sherman, then a Representative, raised more than \$5,000 to discharge the mortgage on Capt. Chancey's home here. It took only an hour to get the money, which was \$500 more than the amount of the mortgage.

The \$2,000 was converted into gold coin and after the House adjourned that day Mr. Sherman beckoned the members into the well of the House and sent for Capt. Chancey. Abashed, the veteran walked into the trap and Sherman poured the gold coin into Chancey's hat. The veteran broke down and wept.

MEXICAN SMASHUP EXPECTED IN WEEK

News Reaches London That
"Something Is About
to Happen."

AMERICANS ARE ALARMED

Mexico City Colony Hears That
Washington Fears Attack
on Foreigners.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Jan. 24.—The correspondent of THE SUN learns in a very well informed quarter that affairs in Mexico are on the verge of a crisis.

The intimation is that "something is going to happen" within a very few days, eight or ten at the utmost.

It is said that news to this effect has been cabled to the Foreign Office here and to other interested parties.

HUERTA HAS 150,000 MEN.

Dictator Says He Has No Intention of Resigning.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MEXICO CITY, Jan. 24.—President Huerta said to-day that he has 150,000 men under arms and is about to send 25,000 men to the cotton district about Torreon to bring cotton, valued at \$5,000,000 pesos, to the southern mills.

The President declared that he will be able to raise ample funds by taxing the hacendados and other wealthy persons. He added that he has perfected a plan to protect the railroads and reestablish communication by building blockhouses at frequent intervals along the lines.

President Huerta declared that he does not intend to resign. He is confident that he will be able to put down the revolt.

Officials of the Mexican Railway say that the Federals have raised the siege of Chihuahua, in northern Puebla, after the heaviest kind of fighting. The Government is trying to rush reinforcements to the place, but railway communication is paralyzed. The garrison at Chihuahua consisted of 200 men. It was besieged by 1,500 Zapatistas.

Juan Francisco Lucas and other Puebla Indians chiefs have issued a proclamation calling upon all the aborigines there to go on the warpath against the Government.

The proclamation calls President Huerta a "bloodthirsty, treacherous tiger." It says the Puebla Indians, who were on the warpath, laid down their arms in December because of promises made to them by the Government.

These promises have since been broken, especially that to the effect that none of the Indian rebels would be punished for the uprising.

The proclamation says that several prominent inhabitants of Puebla, including a school teacher, who was beloved by all, have been executed since that time. For this reason the Puebla Indians have been quietly preparing for revenge. Thousands are now under arms and they hold several important towns.

The Governor of the State of Michoacan, who is here, says he has practically snuffed out the uprising in that section by the systematic execution of every rebel captured.

The Government says it has received a despatch to the effect that Gen. Orozco and Caraveo entered Torreon yesterday and joined the force of Gen. Velasco. Private dispatches say, however, that the rebels are attacking Torreon.

Senor Alcocer, Minister of the Interior, declared to-day that Jesus Flores Magon, who has been conferring with John Lind at Vera Cruz, does not in any way represent the Administration. Magon, the Minister says, went to Vera Cruz on family matters. In regard to the rumor that Magon had sailed for Havana on the gunboat Zaragoza the Minister said that Magon had no mission to the United States or any foreign country and he could not say if the report was true or not.

The Minister of the Interior seemed to hedge after making this statement, and said:

"Flores Magon is a friend of the present Administration and is perfectly free to act on his own initiative in trying to advance the interests of the Government."

Senor Alcocer also said the State Government of Coahuila was thinking of issuing 100,000 pesos in paper money with the stamp of the Federal Government thereon, for the purpose of paying the Federal troops in that State. Monterey has already done this.

AMERICANS GET THRILL.

Hear Report That Washington Fears for Their Safety.

Despatch to THE UNITED PRESS. MEXICO CITY, Jan. 24.—The American colony was galvanised into activity to-night when it was reported that Nelson O'Shaughnessy, Charge d'Affaires, had received a query from Washington asking if the Americans in the capital were well armed and how long they could be expected to hold out if attacked. O'Shaughnessy was said to have sent a secret reply to Washington. He refused to give any information of the nature of his reply.

The report gave rise to all sorts of rumors. It was said that the Washington Government has reason to expect an early attack on Mexico city and that all hope of a peaceful solution of the Mexican difficulty has been abandoned. Nothing could be learned to confirm this.

O'Shaughnessy is having almost daily meetings with Gen. Huerta, and his action is arousing criticism among the Americans and those of the Government.

He met in a cafe. Neither ever tells what they talk about. O'Shaughnessy makes it a practice to attend Huerta's functions and go to diplomatic entertainments and other places where Huerta is a guest. The dictator always greets the Charge d'Affaires and pays him marked attention.

Querido Moreno, the Foreign Minister, refused point blank this evening to affirm or deny the story that Huerta wants to take the field against the rebels and has

THE SUN TO-DAY CONSISTS OF SEVEN SECTIONS AS FOLLOWS:

	Pages.
FIRST—General News	16
SECOND—Sporting	16
THIRD—Country Life, Real Estate, Poultry, Dogs, Gardens, Financial	8
FOURTH—Editorial Magazine	16
FIFTH—Garden Annual	16
SIXTH—Foreign, Books, Queries, Schools, Problems	8
SEVENTH—Art, Society, Music, Drama, Resorts, Fashions, Special Features	14
Total	82

Readers or newsdealers who do not receive all of these sections will confer a favor on "The Sun" by notifying the Publication Department at once by the phone (2200 Beekman) and the missing sections will be promptly forwarded, if possible.

RAILROAD REFUSES TO COLLECT TAX

Virginia and Southern Protests
Against Payment at
the Source.

COURTS WILL DECIDE

Many Appeals From Corporations on Income Assessment Are Expected.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Protest against payment of the income tax collected at the source has been made by the Virginia and Southern Railway, a subsidiary of the Southern Railway. The protest has been received at the internal revenue bureau.

Is the income tax provision of the tariff law constitutional? Has Congress the right to put upon big industrial, commercial and financial institutions the expense of collecting the tax due from individuals?

These are the questions involved in the protest. The issue will be made the subject of appeal by corporate interests for judicial interpretation.

Other big corporations, there is reason to believe, have made protest against the income tax provision requiring them to set aside the tax from the assets of individuals.

The basic reasons for the protest, it is explained, is primarily to safeguard all rights, so that should any decision of the courts be in favor of any proposition attacking the legality of the income tax provision of the tariff law, the corporations would not have alienated their privilege to participate in the benefits by too ready acquiescence and compliance with the requirements and regulations of the Treasury Department for the collection of the tax.

More directly and specifically the protests are aimed at the requirements of the law, which compels corporations and other institutions and agents handling other people's money to deduct the tax at the source, account for it and turn it over to the Government's representative, on the ground that the expense involved in such accounting and bookkeeping is one that the Congress of the United States cannot constitutionally put upon the corporation, institution or agent.

QUIET TRIPS TO SING SING.

Griffenhausen Will Take Convicts Away Secretly.

Sheriff Griffenhausen intends to send notorious convicts from the Tombs to Sing Sing without the publicity attendant on such events during the regime of Sheriff Harburger, when there were camera men on hand and the Sheriff went along himself to make sure that the convicts were not escaped. Sheriff Harburger never carried fewer than two revolvers.

Benjamin Fein, known as Dopey Benny, who was sentenced to five years in Sing Sing on Friday, was hustled to prison yesterday morning by Deputy Sheriff McDonnell and two prison guards, although the usual days for removing prisoners from the Tombs to Sing Sing are Tuesday and Friday.

WIFE MUST SHARE IN PROFITS.

Ford Employees Can't Be Stingy in Alimony, Court Declares.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 24.—"Any man now working for Henry Ford can afford to pay his wife \$12 a week alimony," said Judge Lucy of the Domestic Relations Court to-day. "I believe the Ford employees should show the same generosity toward those dependent on them that Mr. Ford shows to his employees."

Enus Sullivan had just been ordered to increase the amount of alimony he is paying to his wife from \$4 to \$12 a week. He gets a minimum wage of \$5 a day.

"I shall take judicial notice hereafter of the profit sharing plan," said Judge Lucy. "This is the first time the court has had to deal with the new wage problem caused by the action of Mr. Ford and the wives and children of his employees will be liberally dealt with by this court."

PROHIBITION TO CLOSE MINES.

West Virginia's Liquor Law a Menace to Coal Operators.

WHEELING, W. Va., Jan. 24.—Coal operators of this State face a serious situation when the prohibition amendment becomes operative July 1, because of the refusal of foreign born miners to remain in any locality where liquor cannot be secured.

Thousands of miners now laboring in the New River, Cabin Creek, Paint Creek and Pocahontas fields have already announced that they will seek employment in other States as soon as the State is made dry. The exodus in these regions has already begun and the operators are growing apprehensive of the future.

MARDI GRAS—NEW ORLEANS, LA.

From New York by the SOUTHERN RAILWAY. Tickets on sale Feb. 15 to 22. Three daily through trains each direction. Pullman sleeping cars. Dining car service. N. Y. Office, 264 Fifth Ave., cor. 29th St.—Ado.

WHITMAN SEEKS MURPHY BANK DEPOSITS AS GRAFT EVIDENCE

WILLETT GUILTY OF BRIBE GIVING

Convicted of Buying Nomination as Supreme Court Justice.

JURY OUT 40 MINUTES

Remanded to Raymond Street Jail and Will Be Sentenced Friday.

William Willett, Jr., an ex-Congressman from Queens and Democratic candidate for the Supreme Court bench in the fall of 1911, was convicted last night of buying the Supreme Court nomination from Joseph Cassidy, former boss of Queens.

The maximum penalty is two years' imprisonment and a fine of \$5,000. Willett was remanded to the Raymond street jail without bail. He will be sentenced on Friday.

Willett has been on trial before Justice Jaxox and a jury in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn since Tuesday last, night sessions being held to expedite matters. The case was submitted to the jury at 10:30 and at 11:10 they returned the verdict. Willett took it coolly.

At 8 o'clock Supreme Court Justice Jaxox began his charge. He spoke for two hours and thirty minutes, analyzing the story told by the two Willett brothers in all its intricate detail. He began at the point where Willett first approached Cassidy and followed the defendant's explanation through all the operations whereby he succeeded in borrowing \$25,000 before the nomination and in concealing the fact until a day or two after the Standard Union published an editorial intimating that one of the three judicial candidates had purchased his nomination.

Three Large Loans Cited.

The fact that Willett borrowed \$5,000 just three days before the primaries, \$10,000 a few days before the election of delegates to the judicial convention and another \$10,000 on the day of the convention was called to the attention of the jurors.

It was for them to determine whether this was merely coincidence, as Willett contended, or evidence of crime. Justice Jaxox said. Also that other alleged coincidence wherein Cassidy deposited \$5,000 just three days after Willett borrowed the same amount from Frank H. Merrill. This and the number of times that Willett, Cassidy and Louis T. Walter met on or about the time that the loans were being obtained were all to be considered and subjected to the test of common sense, said the Justice.

Said Willett Accounted for All.

James W. Osborne, counsel for the defense, said in his summing up that the defense had shown that Willett had accounted for every cent of the \$25,000 which the prosecution claimed had been paid for the nomination.

He said it was unreasonable to think that Cassidy had given the money back to Willett, and that it had been conclusively shown that Willett could not have got the money from elsewhere, as his credit had been destroyed by the publication of articles attacking him. He said that it was largely guesswork with the prosecution as to how the money had been paid.

He said the prosecution had guessed it into Cassidy's pocket and if the jury convicted Willett it would have to guess the source of Cassidy's pocket again, for Willett had accounted for every penny of it.

District Attorney Crosey laid emphasis on the fact that Marcus Willett, Willett's brother, and the Magistrate had made unusual efforts to conceal their financial transactions and that that fact itself, in his mind, was an evidence of guilt.

Mr. Crosey and Justice Jaxox later said that the crime charged was most serious.

PREACHER THRASHES ROWDY.

Hails Sermon to Do It—Disturber Sent to Workhouse.

The Rev. William A. Mortenson, a Methodist minister, who conducts a mission at 55 Pine street, was forced to halt his sermon last night in order to thrash a disturbing element in the person of Charles Schmidt. Schmidt's face bore signs of severe conflict when he was arraigned in the night court upon a charge of disorderly conduct.

"He came into the mission," the Rev. Mortenson explained to Magistrate Marsh, "and asked for money to take him to Philadelphia. I told him I could not give him that much, but offered him 15 cents for something to eat. He swore at me and threw the money in my face. Then he struck me. I was forced to subdue him."

"Ten days in the workhouse," said the Magistrate.

Mrs. York's Father Fought Under Washington at Yorktown.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Sophronia W. York, who died yesterday in Exeter, N. H., aged 94 years, was one of the few "real" daughters of the American Revolution. She made her home in Exeter with Mrs. Ada Knight and there she died.

Chapter, D. A. R., during her declining years. She was the daughter of David Watson of New Market, who served in the Revolution under Gen. Washington and was one of his soldiers at the siege of Yorktown. After the surrender of Cornwallis David Watson walked home to New Market. He was many days on the road.

His daughter was born in 1820 and lived in New Market nearly all of her life.

"REAL" DAUGHTER DIES AT 94.

Mrs. York's Father Fought Under Washington at Yorktown.

BOSTON, Jan. 24.—Mrs. Sophronia W. York, who died yesterday in Exeter, N. H., aged 94 years, was one of the few "real" daughters of the American Revolution. She made her home in Exeter with Mrs. Ada Knight and there she died.

Chapter, D. A. R., during her declining years. She was the daughter of David Watson of New Market, who served in the Revolution under Gen. Washington and was one of his soldiers at the siege of Yorktown. After the surrender of Cornwallis David Watson walked home to New Market. He was many days on the road.

His daughter was born in 1820 and lived in New Market nearly all of her life.

ARKANSAS SUES COTTON TRUST.

State Demands \$25,000,000 Penalty From Six Companies.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 24.—The State of Arkansas brought suit to-day against six cotton oil companies for more than \$25,000,000 for alleged violation of the anti-trust law. The companies involved are the Ross City Cotton Oil Company, the Buckeye Cotton Oil Company, the Dixie Cotton Oil Company, the Little Rock Cotton Oil Company, the Arkansas Oil Company and the Southern Cotton Oil Company.

Each is sued for a penalty of \$4,215,000, being at the rate of \$5,000 a day since September 1, 1911. On that date it is alleged the companies "entered into a combination to regulate and fix the price to be paid for cotton seed to destroy all competition in the purchase and sale of cotton seed and cotton seed products and to regulate and fix a uniform and arbitrary price to be paid for cotton seed throughout Arkansas and other States."

"NEW YORK AND FLORIDA SPECIAL." 27th season of finest train operated by Florida, Cuba, South Atlantic Coast Line, 12-28 non-stop. Other limited trains daily. Office 1218 B'way. Tel. Mad. 94 1460—Ado.

KAISER RICHEST IN GERMANY.

Emperor Worth \$98,500,000, According to Latest Estimates.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, Jan. 24.—Rudolf Martin, who said recently that Bertha Krupp von Bohlen was the richest person in Germany, has revised his estimates.

The distinction belongs to the Kaiser, who, according to Martin, is worth not \$25,000,000, as hitherto reported, but \$98,500,000. In his previous calculations of the Kaiser's wealth Martin overlooked \$63,500,000, which must be reckoned as the valuation of the Emperor's forest lands and farms.

EYELID'S DROOP COSTS \$3,500.

Concert Pianiste Gets Verdict for Injuries by Auto.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 24.—The beauty of a girl's eyelid was valued at \$2,500 by a jury which returned a verdict in this amount in favor of Miss Josephine Carridine against Mr. and Mrs. John W. Ford, Jr., whose electric coupe struck and injured Miss Carridine, a concert pianist and instructor at Mary Institute.

Miss Carridine's lawyer represented to the jury that because of her injuries she was compelled to give up the concert stage. The injuries, he said, caused a permanent scar over Miss Carridine's right eye and caused a droop in one of the lids.

ARION SOCIETY WILL MOVE.

Decides to Sell Old Clubhouse and Build Elsewhere.

The Arion Society, which was sixty years old yesterday, has decided to give up its clubhouse at Fifty-ninth street and Park avenue and to build a larger building in one of the fashionable sections of the city. Although the present building is large there is much waste room and it is scarcely adapted to the present needs of the society. The members feel the need of bachelor quarters, which cannot be provided in the present building in sufficient number.

The present clubhouse will be sold as soon as possible. This structure was built in 1886. It cost about \$200,000 and was one of the finest clubhouses of that day.

SEES BIG BUSINESS BOOM.

Carnegie Steel Co. Official Predicts Early Revival.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 24.—"We are entering upon one of the largest buying movements in the history of steel making in the United States and a long spell of sound, normal, substantial prosperity for the whole country," was the announcement to-day of Col. H. P. Bope, first vice-president of the Carnegie Steel Company.

"Within sixty or ninety days," continued Mr. Bope, "the steel mills of all the great Pittsburgh district will be running almost and quite to their full capacity. They are working at 50 to 60 per cent. now."

"It is my belief that in a couple of months they will be working to 90 or 100 per cent. capacity. Big orders are already given or in contemplation in almost every branch of the steel business. Money is easier, warehouses, manufacturing plants and railroad yards are practically without stock. With the currency and tariff legislation out of the way orders will come in a strong, steady demand."

CAN'T PAY PHONE BILL—JAIL.

Whitaker Had 51 Cents, but Talks \$24.40 Worth to "Lady Friend."

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 24.—Because he talked long on the telephone with a "lady friend" that he was unable to pay the toll Douglas Whitaker of Winthrop, Mass., is locked up at police headquarters.

He went to a telephone booth at the Holland House here and called up a young woman in Winthrop. Then he talked with her for an hour and two minutes, running up a bill of \$24.40. He had only 51 cents in his pockets. He has telegraphed his father in East Boston for money to pay the telephone charges.

Whitaker had been staying at the Holland House for three days, paying \$1 a night and had been working in a lunch room here as porter for a week. All he would say was that he was talking with a "lady friend." He refused to give her name.

NO BAR ON MARRIED TEACHERS.

Cincinnati Board Decides Also to Pay Women Same as Men.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—Upon recommendation of Superintendent Condon of the Cincinnati Public Schools the Board of Education approved to-day these revisions and rules governing teachers:

Equal opportunity for women of all positions